

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Identification

Product identifier Acetaminophen

Other means of identification

Catalog number 1003009

Chemical name Acetamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, 4'-hydroxyacetanilide

Synonym(s) Paracetamol

**Recommended use** Specified quality tests and assay use only.

**Recommended restrictions** Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name U. S. Pharmacopeia
Address 12601 Twinbrook Parkway

Rockville MD 20852-1790

US

Telephone RS Technical Services 301-816-8129

Website www.usp.org
E-mail RSTECH@usp.org

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC within US & 1-800-424-9300

Canada

CHEMTREC outside US & +1 703-527-3887

Canada

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

Note This product is supplied in a small quantity which does not constitute a combustible dust hazard.

The physical properties of this material indicate that in large quantities accumulated dust may be

hazardous.

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

OSHA hazard(s) Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement Harmful if swallowed.

**Precautionary statement** 

**Prevention** Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

**Response** Rinse mouth. If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor/medical professional/ if you feel unwell.

Storage Not available.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Not classified.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

**Hazardous components** 

Chemical nameCommon name and synonymsCAS number%AcetaminophenParacetamol103-90-2100

# 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Material name: Acetaminophen USP SDS US

Skin contact

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Not available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment for acetaminophen overdose should be symptomatic and supportive and may include the following:

- 1. Activated charcoal may be used to reduce gastrointestinal absorption, if it can be given within 1 hour of the overdose and if more than 150 mg/kg of paracetamol has been ingested.
- 2. Administer acetylcysteine (an antidote used to protect against acetaminophen-induced hepatotoxicity) as soon as possible following an overdose.
- 3. Determine plasma acetaminophen concentration at least 4 hours following ingestion of the overdose. Determinations performed prior to this time are not reliable.
- 4. Instituting hemodialysis or hemoperfusion to remove acetaminophen from the circulation may be beneficial if acetylcysteine administration cannot be instituted within 24 hours following ingestion of massive overdose.
- 5. Perform liver function tests every 24 hours for at least 96 hours post-ingestion (if the plasma acetaminophen concentration indicates potential hepatotoxicity).
- 6. Monitor renal and cardiac function and administer appropriate therapy as required.
- 7. Institute supportive treatment, including maintaining fluid and electrolyte balance, correcting hypoglycemia, and administering vitamin K1, fresh frozen plasma, or clotting factor concentrate if needed. [USP DI 2005; Martindale 2009]

**General information** 

Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam as appropriate for surrounding fire and materials.

As with all fires, evacuate personnel to a safe area. Firefighters should use self-contained

Unsuitable extinguishing

None known.

media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear suitable protective equipment.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

breathing equipment and protective clothing.

Specific methods

Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Wash spill site.

#### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions.

As a general rule, when handling USP Reference Standards, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.

Material name: Acetaminophen usp sps us

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Exposure limit values**

**Industrial Use** 

MaterialTypeValueAcetaminophen (CASTWA5 mg/m3103-90-2)

**Biological limit values** 

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering

controls

Airborne exposure should be controlled primarily by engineering controls such as general dilution ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred to general exhaust because it can control the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion into the work area. An industrial hygiene survey involving air monitoring may be used to determine the effectiveness of engineering controls. Effectiveness of engineering controls intended for use with highly potent materials should be assessed by use of nontoxic surrogate materials

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Safety glasses with sideshields are recommended. Face shields or goggles may be required if

splash potential exists or if corrosive materials are present. Approved eye protection (e.g., bearing

the ANSI Z87 or CSA stamp) is preferred. Maintain eyewash facilities in the work area.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Chemically compatible gloves. For handling solutions, ensure that the glove material is protective

against the solvent being used. Use handling practices that minimize direct hand contact. Employees who are sensitive to natural rubber (latex) should use nitrile or other synthetic nonlatex

gloves. Use of powdered latex gloves should be avoided due to the risk of latex allergy.

**Other** For handling of laboratory scale quantities, a cloth lab coat is recommended. Where significant

quantities are handled, work clothing may be necessary to prevent take-home contamination.

Respiratory protection Where respirators are deemed necessary to reduce or control occupational exposures, use

NIOSH-approved respiratory protection and have an effective respirator program in place

(applicable U.S. regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134).

Thermal hazards Not available

General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** White crystalline powder.

Physical state Solid.
Form Powder.
Odor Odorless.
Odor threshold Not available.

**pH** 5.1 - 6.5 (Saturated aqueous solution)

Melting point/freezing point 334.4 - 341.6 °F (168 - 172 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

> 932 °F (> 500 °C)

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 0.0000003 kPa at 25 °C

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

**Solubility in water** Soluble in hot water.

Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

0.46 - 0.51

Auto-ignition temperature > 356 °F (> 180 °C)

Material name: Acetaminophen usp sps us

**Decomposition temperature**Not available. **Viscosity**Not available.

Other information

**Chemical family** Aniline derivative; para-aminophenol.

**Dust explosion properties** 

Kst 229 bar.m/s
Minimum ignition 5 - 10 mJ
energy (MIE) - dust

cloud

Molecular formulaC8H9NO2Molecular weight151.16

**Solubility (other)** Freely soluble in ethanol and in 1 N sodium hydroxide. Soluble in methanol, dimethylformamide,

ethylene dichloride, acetone, and ethyl acetate. Slightly soluble in ether. Sparingly soluble in

chloroform and glycerin.

Specific gravity 1.293 at 21 °C

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** No reactivity hazards known.

**Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Ignition sources.

**Incompatible materials** Acids. Amides. Oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

NOx. Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed.

InhalationDue to lack of data the classification is not possible.Skin contactDue to lack of data the classification is not possible.

**Eve contact** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics

Nausea. Vomiting. Diarrhea. Abdominal pain. Loss of appetite. Sweating. Behavior, mood, or

mental changes. Irritability. Jaundice. Convulsions. Skin rash.

**Delayed and immediate effects** 

of exposure

Cross sensitivity

Liver damage. Kidney damage. Irregular heartbeat. Cardiovascular collapse. Swelling or fluid in

the brain. Hypoglycemia. Metabolic acidosis. Blood disorders. Coma.

Medical conditions aggravated

by exposure

Rarely, persons sensitive to aspirin may be sensitive to this material as well.

Active alcoholism. Impaired liver function. Viral hepatitis. Impaired kidney function. Malnutrition. Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency.

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

Product Species Test Results

Acetaminophen (CAS 103-90-2)

Acute Oral

LD50 Mouse

Mouse 338 mg/kg
Rat 2400 mg/kg

1944 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Serious eye damage/eye**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

irritation

on

Local effects

Rabbit eye irritancy test (OECD 405)

Result: Not irritant.

Rabbit skin irritancy test (OECD 404)

Result: Not irritant.

**Respiratory sensitization**Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. **Skin sensitization**Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Material name: Acetaminophen USP SDS US

### **Germ cell mutagenicity** Due to inconclusive data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Mutagenicity

Ames test in Salmonella typhimurium and E. coli

Result: Negative.
Drosophila SLRL test
Result: Negative.

In vitro tests in human cells

Result: Induced sister chromatid exchange and chromosomal

aberrations.

In vitro tests in mammalian cells

Result: Induced chromosomal aberrations, micronuclei, and sister chromatid exchange; did not induce gene mutation.

In vivo cytogenetic test in mice

Result: Induced DNA single-strand breaks. In vivo cytogenetic tests in human cells Result: Induced sister chromatid exchange. In vivo cytogenetic tests in mammalian cells

Result: Aneugenic; induced chromosomal aberrations; did

not induce micronuclei.

#### Carcinogenicity

This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. IARC: Group 3; this material is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity in humans.

600 - 6000 ppm 2-year Feed studies

Result: No evidence of carcinogenetic activity in males; equivocal evidence of carcinogenetic activity in females based on increased incidences of mononuclear cell leukemia.

Species: Rat

600 - 6000 ppm 2-year Feed studies

Result: No evidence of carcinogenic activity in males and

females. Species: Mouse

### Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Epidemiological studies have not shown an association between therapeutic use of this material

during pregnancy and an increased incidence of birth defects.

#### Reproductivity

0 - 250 mg/kg/day Reproductivity and development,

administered orally during gestation

Result: Dose-dependent increase in malformations.

Species: Mouse

0 - 250 mg/kg/day Reproductivity and development,

administered orally during gestation

Result: No fetal or embryo toxicity; no maternal toxicity; no

teratogenicity. Species: Rat

0.25 - 1 % Reproductivity - continuous breeding protocol,

administered in diet

Result: No effect on fertility endpoints; reduced growth and birth weights; increased incidence of sperm abnormalities.

Species: Mouse

Specific target organ toxicity -

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.

Product Species Test Results

Acetaminophen (CAS 103-90-2)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 6.1 - 14 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 814 mg/l, 96 hours

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potentialNot available.Mobility in soilNot available.Other adverse effectsNot available.

Material name: Acetaminophen USP SDS US

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste

according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261.4 (b)(4)). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA

criteria for hazardous waste. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Local disposal regulations Not available.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must

be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

# 14. Transport information

#### DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

#### **IATA**

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available.

# 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

Other federal regulations

**Safe Drinking Water Act** 

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

Inventory name

US state regulations California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material

is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region

United States & Puerto Rico

		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

Material name: Acetaminophen USP SDS US

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

On inventory (yes/no)\*

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 04-01-2009

 Revision date
 06-28-2013

Version # 02

Further information Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the

Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

**Disclaimer** USP Reference Standards are sold for chemical test and assay purposes only, and NOT for

human consumption. The information contained herein is applicable solely to the chemical substance when used as a USP Reference Standard and does not necessarily relate to any other use of the substance described, (i.e. at different concentrations, in drug dosage forms, or in bulk quantities). USP Reference Standards are intended for use by persons having technical skill and at their own discretion and risk. This information has been developed by USP staff from sources considered reliable but has not been independently verified by the USP. Therefore, the USP Convention cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information in these sources nor should the statements contained herein be considered an official expression. NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY

AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE is made with respect to the information

contained herein.

**Revision Information** This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: Acetaminophen usp sps us